

Cinnabar SCI Stable Fund of Funds

Minimum Disclosure Document

As of 30/04/2026



CINNABAR
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

MDD Issue Date: 19/05/2026

Fund Objective

The objective of the fund is to provide investors with a moderate to high level of income and stable capital growth.

Fund Strategy

The fund will consist of a mix of collective investment scheme portfolios investing in equity, bonds, property and money market instruments. The fund's equity exposure will range between 0% and 40% of the portfolio's net asset value. The fund will be managed in accordance with regulations governing pensions funds and may hold up to 45% in foreign assets. The fund will also be allowed to invest in listed and unlisted financial instruments (derivatives) for the sole purpose of hedging exchange rate risk.

Fund Information

Ticker	CIMS
Portfolio Manager	Cinnabar Investment Management Team
ASISA Fund Classification	South African - Multi Asset - Low Equity
Risk Profile	Moderate Conservative
Benchmark	ASISA Category Avg: SA - Multi Asset - Low Equity
Fund Size	R 199,079,148
Portfolio Launch Date*	04/05/2012
Fee Class Launch Date*	04/05/2012
Minimum Lump Sum Investment	R 10,000
Minimum Monthly Investment	R 500
Income Declaration Date	March, June, September & December
Income Payment Date	1st business day of April, July, October & January
Portfolio Valuation Time	17:00
Transaction Cut Off Time	15:00
Daily Price Information	Local media & www.sanlamunitrusts.co.za
Repurchase Period	2-3 business days

Fees (Incl. VAT)	A-Class (%)
Maximum Initial Advice Fee	3.45
Maximum Annual Advice Fee	1.15
Manager Annual Fee	1.15
Total Expense Ratio	1.74
Transaction Cost	0.06
Total Investment Charges	1.80
Performance Fee	—
TER Measurement Period	01 January 2023 - 31 December 2025

Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's.

Transaction Cost (TC) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the Financial Product and impacts Financial Product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Financial Product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Total Investment Charges (TER + TC) is the total percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product.

The historic total TER above is calculated based on 3 years of historic data, and includes Performance Fees until 30 June 2020. No performance fees have been charged since 1 July 2020 so the historic total TER will fall into line with the current effective TER as the historic data is removed from the calculation over time.

Effective 1 April 2026, the administration fee applicable to retail clients with an investment balance below R50,000 will increase from R23 to R57.50 (VAT inclusive). Clients with an active recurring monthly debit order will not be levied this fee.

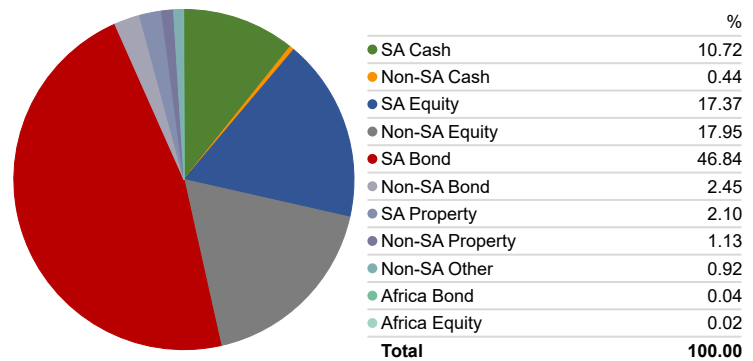
When Cinnabar funds are included in a portfolio, we always use zero-fee share classes to avoid double-charging and ensure cost transparency.

Top Ten Holdings

	(%)
PortfolioMetrix BCI SA Bond Fund	19.44
Cinnabar Global Equity Fund of Funds	17.38
PortfolioMetrix BCI Dynamic Income Fund	11.85
Satrix 40 ETF	9.26
Granate SCI Multi Income Fund	7.92
Visio BCI Unconstrained Fixed Interest Fund C	7.83
Saffron BCI Opportunity Income Fund	7.71
Amplify SCI Strategic Income Fund A1	4.02
Centaur BCI Flexible Fund	3.81
PortfolioMetrix BCI Equity Fund	2.68

Asset Allocation

Portfolio Date: 31/03/2026



Annualised Performance (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	16.58	14.51
3 Years	12.26	11.69
5 Years	10.46	9.93
10 Years	8.14	7.91
Since Inception	7.76	8.50

Cumulative Performance (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	16.58	14.51
3 Years	41.48	39.33
5 Years	64.42	60.54
10 Years	118.68	114.15
Since Inception	184.40	212.75

Highest and Lowest Annual Returns

Time Period: Since Inception to 31/12/2025

Highest Annual %	16.00
Lowest Annual %	1.52

Risk Statistics (3 Year Rolling)

Standard Deviation (Volatility)	6.17
Maximum Drawdown	-4.82
Sharpe Ratio	0.67
Information Ratio	0.27

Distribution History (Cents Per Unit)

31/03/2026	2.21 cpu	31/03/2025	2.41 cpu	31/03/2024	3.00 cpu
31/12/2025	0.79 cpu	31/12/2024	1.09 cpu	31/12/2023	1.01 cpu
30/09/2025	2.38 cpu	30/09/2024	2.89 cpu	30/09/2023	2.83 cpu
30/06/2025	0.97 cpu	30/06/2024	0.91 cpu	30/06/2023	0.85 cpu

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Portfolio Manager Comment

Cinnabar Market Update: April 2026

Local Markets (South Africa)

Closer to home, April was a month of cautious recovery. The JSE climbed back from near 111,000 points to around 119,000 as global sentiment improved, while the rand continued to trade under pressure near R17 to the dollar amid elevated oil prices and a stronger US currency. The South African Reserve Bank, much like its global counterparts, held interest rates steady at 6.75% — acknowledging that inflation is expected to rise this year, while still projecting that rate cuts could come towards the end of 2026 if conditions allow. South African assets have so far shown relative resilience, supported by improved macroeconomic fundamentals, which has helped cushion the blow from global volatility. The key question going forward is how much of the oil price shock still has to filter through — and our Investor Insight below unpacks exactly why that lag matters.

Global Drivers

April turned out to be a surprisingly strong month for global markets, despite plenty of noise in the headlines. Ongoing conflict in the Middle East kept oil prices elevated — Brent crude pushed above \$110 per barrel by month-end — but investors largely looked past the tension and focused on what really drove the month: a powerful comeback in technology stocks. The S&P 500 and Nasdaq both hit all-time highs, and the MSCI Emerging Markets Index was the standout performer, gaining nearly 15%, powered by extraordinary gains in Taiwan and South Korea. Beneath the surface, though, central banks were sending a more cautious message. The US Federal Reserve held rates steady, noting that inflation is elevated in part due to the rise in global energy prices, while the Bank of Japan also held at 0.75%, sharply raising its inflation forecast to 2.8% for 2026. The world's major central banks are in a holding pattern — not panicking, but aware that the full effects of higher oil prices haven't yet worked their way through to everyday prices. That ripple effect is something investors should keep a close eye on in the months ahead.

Sources: Morningstar, Cinnabar Investment Management

Portfolio Manager

Cinnabar Investment Management Team

Risk Profile

Moderate Conservative

You are cautious about taking on risk (i.e. have a limited exposure to equities in your portfolio). You want your capital to be safe and prefer fairly stable income and/or income growth. Even knowing that equities are a riskier asset class, you are comfortable to have some exposure, albeit limited, to them because you know they will add that little extra to your portfolio.

Glossary Terms

Annualised Returns

Annualised return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

Asset Allocation

Asset allocation is the percentage holding in different asset classes (i.e. equities, bonds, property, etc.). It is used to determine the level of diversification in a portfolio.

Capital Volatility

Volatility is a measure of 'risk' and refers to the extent to which the price of an investment or capital value fluctuates over a certain period of time. Funds with high volatility usually offer the potential for higher returns over the longer term than low volatility funds.

Cumulative Returns

Cumulative return is the total growth experienced over the period measured.

Derivatives

Derivatives are instruments generally used as an instrument to protect against risk (capital losses), but can also be used for speculative purposes. Examples are futures, options and swaps.

Distributions

The income that is generated from an investment and given to investors through monthly, quarterly, biannual or annual distribution pay-outs.

Diversification

This is a strategy designed to reduce risk within a portfolio by combining a variety of investments (or asset classes) such as equities, bonds, cash or property, which are unlikely to all move in the same direction at the same time. This is designed to reduce the risk (and protect against capital losses) within a portfolio. Diversification allows for more consistent performance under a wide range of economic conditions as it smooths out the impact of negative market events. The positive performance of some investments or asset classes should neutralize the negative performance of others.

Financial Instruments

Derivatives also known as financial instruments (such as a future, option, or warrants) whose value derives from and is dependent on the change in value of an underlying asset (such as a commodity, currency, or security) to protect against risk (capital losses).

Fund Objective

The fund objective is the portfolio's core goal.

Fund Strategy

The fund strategy is the way that the fund is managed to achieve the fund objective.

Information Ratio

The Information Ratio measures the market risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. The greater a portfolio's Information Ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been compared to the market in general.

Collective Investment Schemes

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) (also called unit trusts) are portfolios of assets such as equities, bonds, cash and listed property, in which investors can buy units. They allow private investors to pool their money together into a single fund, thus spreading their risk across a range of investments, getting the benefit of professional fund management, and reducing their costs.

LISP (Linked Investment Service Provider)

A Linked Investment Service Provider is a financial institution which packages, distributes and administers a broad range of unit trust investments.

Market Capitalization

Market capitalization is the total value of the issued shares of a publicly traded company; it is calculated by multiplying the share price by the number of shares in issue.

Maximum Drawdown

The maximum drawdown measures the highest peak to trough loss experienced by the fund.

Participatory Interests

When you buy a unit trust, your money is pooled with that of many other investors. The total value of the pool of invested money in a unit trust fund is split into equal portions called participatory interests or units. When you invest your money in a unit trust, you buy a portion of the participatory interests in the total unit trust portfolio. Participatory interests are therefore the number of units that you have in a particular unit trust portfolio.

Sharpe Ratio

The Sharpe Ratio measures total risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. It measures the amount of risk associated with the returns generated by the portfolio and indicates whether a portfolio's returns are due to excessive risk or not. The greater a portfolio's Sharpe ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been (i.e. a higher return with a contained risk profile, where the portfolio manager is not taking excessive risk to achieve those returns).

Standard Deviation

The standard deviation is a widely used risk measure of the return dispersion relative to the mean. It is also referred to as volatility.

Additional Information

All reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this MDD is accurate. The information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision. The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium- to long-term investments. Please note that past performances are not necessarily a guide to future performances, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) Pty Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained on request from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in participatory interests of other unit trust portfolios. These underlying funds levy their own fees, and may result in a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The Manager may borrow up to 10% the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The fund may from time to time invest in foreign countries and therefore it may have risks regarding liquidity, the repatriation of funds, political and macroeconomic situations, foreign exchange, tax, settlement, and the availability of information. Investments in foreign instruments are also subject to fluctuations in exchange rates which may cause the value of the fund to go up or down. The fund may invest in financial instruments (derivatives) for efficient portfolio management purposes. A fund of funds portfolio is a portfolio that invests in portfolios of collective investment schemes that levy their own charges, which could result in a higher fee structure for the fund of funds. The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. Management of the portfolio is outsourced to Cinnabar Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, (FSP) Licence No. 45402, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd retains full legal responsibility for the co-named portfolio. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is the appointed trustee of the Sanlam Collective Investments scheme. Sources of Performance and Risk Data: Morningstar Direct, INET BFA and Bloomberg. The risk free asset assumed for the calculation of Sharpe ratios: STEFI Composite Index. The highest and lowest 12-month returns are based on a calendar year period over 10 years or since inception where the performance history does not exist for 10 years. Obtain a personalised cost estimate before investing by visiting www.sanlamunittrustsmdd.co.za and using our Effective Annual Cost (EAC) calculator. Alternatively, contact us at 0860 100 266.

Cinnabar Investment Management (Pty) Ltd

(FSP) License No. 45402
Physical Address: Metal Box 18th Floor, 25 Owl Street, Auckland Park, 2092
Postal Address: P O Box 5357, Weltevreden Park, Johannesburg, Gauteng, 1709
Tel: +27 (10) 025 9931
Email: info@cinnabarim.com
Website: www.cinnabarim.com

Manager Information

Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd
Physical Address: 55 Willie van Schoor Avenue, Bellville, South Africa, 7530
Postal Address: Private Bag X8, Tygervalley, 7536
Tel: +27 (21) 916 1800
Email: service@sanlaminvestments.com
Website: www.sanlamunittrusts.co.za

Trustee Information

Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd
Tel: +27 (21) 441 4100
Email: compliance-sanlam@standardbank.co.za

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