

# Cinnabar SCI\* Balanced Fund of Funds

## Minimum Disclosure Document

As of 31/05/2023



CINNABAR  
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

MDD Issue Date: 26/06/2023

### Fund Objective

The objective of the portfolio is to provide investors with low volatility moderate long term capital growth.

### Fund Strategy

Investments to be included in the portfolio will, apart from assets in liquid form, consist solely of participatory interests in portfolios of collective investment schemes registered in the Republic of South Africa. The portfolio will consist of a mix of collective investment scheme portfolios investing in equity, bonds and property and money market instruments. The portfolio's net equity exposure will range between 0% and 60% of the portfolio's net asset value. The Fund is Regulation 28 compliant. The portfolio will also be allowed to invest in listed and unlisted financial instruments (derivatives) as allowed by the Act from time to time. The Manager shall be permitted to invest on behalf of the portfolio in offshore investments as legislation permits.

### Fund Information

Ticker	MGBF
Portfolio Manager	Cinnabar Investment Management Team
ASISA Fund Classification	South African - Multi Asset - Medium Equity
Risk Profile	Moderate
Benchmark	ASISA Category Avg: SA - Multi Asset - Med Equity
Fund Size	R 473,551,486
Portfolio Launch Date*	09/09/2005
Fee Class Launch Date*	09/09/2005
Minimum Lump Sum Investment	R 10,000
Minimum Monthly Investment	R 500
Income Declaration Date	June & December
Income Payment Date	1st business day of July & January
Portfolio Valuation Time	17:00
Transaction Cut Off Time	15:00
Daily Price Information	Local media & www.sanlamunitrusts.co.za
Repurchase Period	2-3 business days

### Fees (Incl. VAT)

#### A-Class (%)

Maximum Initial Advice Fee	3.45
Maximum Annual Advice Fee	—
Manager Annual Fee	1.15
Total Expense Ratio	1.85
Transaction Cost	0.14
Total Investment Charges	1.99
Performance Fee	—
TER Measurement Period	01 April 2020 - 31 March 2023

Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's.

Transaction Cost (TC) is the percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the Financial Product and impacts Financial Product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Financial Product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Total Investment Charges (TER + TC) is the total percentage value of the Financial Product that was incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product.

The historic total TER above is calculated based on 3 years of historic data, and includes Performance Fees until 30 June 2020. No performance fees have been charged since 1 July 2020 so the historic total TER will fall into line with the current effective TER as the historic data is removed from the calculation over time.

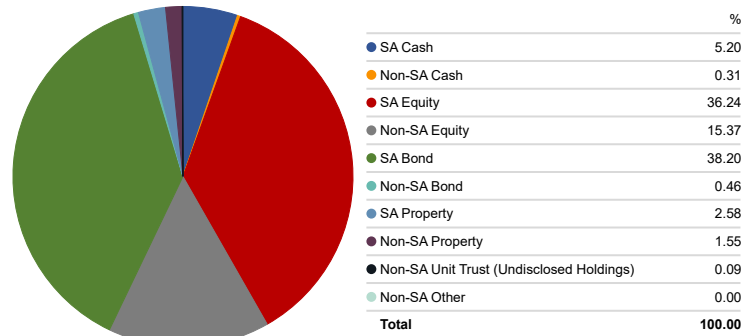
\*The Cinnabar Sanlam Collective Investments Balanced Fund of Funds transitioned to Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd on 02 December 2017.

### Top Ten Holdings

	(%)
PortfolioMetrix BCI SA Bond Fund	30.15
Satrix Top 40 Index Fund	19.57
Satrix MSCI World ETF	13.99
PortfolioMetrix BCI Equity Fund	10.07
Centaur BCI Flexible Fund	7.88
PortfolioMetrix BCI Dynamic Income Fund	3.39
Satrix MSCI Emerging Markets	3.32
PortfolioMetrix BCI Global Property Fund of Funds	2.87
Portfoliomatrix BCI SA Property Fund	2.85
Saffron BCI Opportunity Income Fund	1.13

### Asset Allocation

Portfolio Date: 31/03/2023



### Annualised Performance (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	6.54	8.00
3 Years	9.89	10.26
5 Years	6.80	7.35
10 Years	6.27	6.91
Since Inception	7.95	8.61

### Cumulative Performance (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 Year	6.54	8.00
3 Years	32.68	34.04
5 Years	38.95	42.54
10 Years	83.71	95.14
Since Inception	286.47	330.32

### Highest and Lowest Annual Returns

Time Period: Since Inception to 31/12/2022

Highest Annual %	22.46
Lowest Annual %	-0.96

### Risk Statistics (3 Year Rolling)

Standard Deviation (Volatility)	7.94
Maximum Drawdown	-6.30
Sharpe Ratio	0.62
Information Ratio	-0.19

### Distribution History (Cents Per Unit)

31/12/2022	2.84 cpu	31/12/2020	1.52 cpu	31/12/2018	4.04 cpu
30/06/2022	3.87 cpu	30/06/2020	3.97 cpu	30/06/2018	2.48 cpu
31/12/2021	2.87 cpu	31/12/2019	3.81 cpu	01/12/2017	3.48 cpu
30/06/2021	2.02 cpu	30/06/2019	4.28 cpu	30/06/2017	3.44 cpu

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### Risk Profile

#### Moderate

You want to protect yourself from the ups and downs as much as possible and, in so doing, have as smooth a ride as is possible. But you know you need to take some risk to grow your capital. You have a medium to long-term investment horizon; you are looking for a diversified portfolio (ie, a portfolio that invests in a number of different asset classes to spread your risk), and one that offers real (after inflation) returns but with lower volatility. This fund would appeal to anyone nearing retirement (in the capital accumulation phase) and as well as after retirement (in the de-accumulation or capital preservation phase).

### Glossary Terms

#### Annualised Returns

Annualised return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

#### Asset Allocation

Asset allocation is the percentage holding in different asset classes (i.e. equities, bonds, property, etc.). It is used to determine the level of diversification in a portfolio.

#### Capital Volatility

Volatility is a measure of 'risk' and refers to the extent to which the price of an investment or capital value fluctuates over a certain period of time. Funds with high volatility usually offer the potential for higher returns over the longer term than low volatility funds.

#### Cumulative Returns

Cumulative return is the total growth experienced over the period measured.

#### Derivatives

Derivatives are instruments generally used as an instrument to protect against risk (capital losses), but can also be used for speculative purposes. Examples are futures, options and swaps.

#### Distributions

The income that is generated from an investment and given to investors through monthly, quarterly, biannual or annual distribution pay-outs.

#### Diversification

This is a strategy designed to reduce risk within a portfolio by combining a variety of investments (or asset classes) such as equities, bonds, cash or property, which are unlikely to all move in the same direction at the same time. This is designed to reduce the risk (and protect against capital losses) within a portfolio. Diversification allows for more consistent performance under a wide range of economic conditions as it smoothes out the impact of negative market events. The positive performance of some investments or asset classes should neutralize the negative performance of others.

#### Financial Instruments

Derivatives also known as financial instruments (such as a future, option, or warrants) whose value derives from and is dependent on the change in value of an underlying asset (such as a commodity, currency, or security) to protect against risk (capital losses).

#### Fund Objective

The fund objective is the portfolio's core goal.

#### Fund Strategy

The fund strategy is the way that the fund is managed to achieve the fund objective.

#### Information Ratio

The Information Ratio measures the market risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. The greater a portfolio's Information Ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been compared to the market in general.

#### Collective Investment Schemes

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) (also called unit trusts) are portfolios of assets such as equities, bonds, cash and listed property, in which investors can buy units. They allow private investors to pool their money together into a single fund, thus spreading their risk across a range of investments, getting the benefit of professional fund management, and reducing their costs.

#### LISP (Linked Investment Service Provider)

A Linked Investment Service Provider is a financial institution which packages, distributes and administers a broad range of unit trust investments.

#### Market Capitalization

Market capitalization is the total value of the issued shares of a publicly traded company; it is calculated by multiplying the share price by the number of shares in issue.

#### Maximum Drawdown

The maximum drawdown measures the highest peak to trough loss experienced by the fund.

#### Participatory Interests

When you buy a unit trust, your money is pooled with that of many other investors. The total value of the pool of invested money in a unit trust fund is split into equal portions called participatory interests or units. When you invest your money in a unit trust, you buy a portion of the participatory interests in the total unit trust portfolio. Participatory interests are therefore the number of units that you have in a particular unit trust portfolio.

#### Sharpe Ratio

The Sharpe Ratio measures total risk-adjusted performance of an investment or portfolio. It measures the amount of risk associated with the returns generated by the portfolio and indicates whether a portfolio's returns are due to excessive risk or not. The greater a portfolio's Sharpe ratio, the better its risk-adjusted performance has been (i.e. a higher return with a contained risk profile, where the portfolio manager is not taking excessive risk to achieve those returns).

#### Standard Deviation

The standard deviation is a widely used risk measure of the return dispersion relative to the mean. It is also referred to as volatility.

### Additional Information

All reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this MDD is accurate. The information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision. The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium- to long-term investments. Please note that past performances are not necessarily a guide to future performances, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) Pty Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained on request from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in participatory interests of other unit trust portfolios. These underlying funds levy their own fees, and may result in a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The Manager may borrow up to 10% the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The fund may from time to time invest in foreign countries and therefore it may have risks regarding liquidity, the repatriation of funds, political and macroeconomic situations, foreign exchange, tax, settlement, and the availability of information. Investments in foreign instruments are also subject to fluctuations in exchange rates which may cause the value of the fund to go up or down. The fund may invest in financial instruments (derivatives) for efficient portfolio management purposes. *A fund of funds portfolio is a portfolio that invests in portfolios of collective investment schemes that levy their own charges, which could result in a higher fee structure for the fund of funds.* The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. Management of the portfolio is outsourced to Cinnabar Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, (FSP) Licence No. 45402, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd retains full legal responsibility for the co-named portfolio. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is the appointed trustee of the Sanlam Collective Investments scheme. Sources of Performance and Risk Data: Morningstar Direct, INET BFA and Bloomberg. The risk free asset assumed for the calculation of Sharpe ratios: STEFI Composite Index. The highest and lowest 12-month returns are based on a calendar year period over 10 years or since inception where the performance history does not exist for 10 years. Obtain a personalised cost estimate before investing by visiting [www.sanlamunittrustsmdd.co.za](http://www.sanlamunittrustsmdd.co.za) and using our Effective Annual Cost (EAC) calculator. Alternatively, contact us at 0860 100 266.

#### Cinnabar Investment Management (Pty) Ltd

(FSP) License No. 45402

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#### Manager Information

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#### Trustee Information

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### Portfolio Manager Comment

**Cinnabar Market Update: May 2023**

#### SA Market Drivers

Despite local inflation data surprising to the downside (6.8% vs. 7% expected), the SARB was left with little choice but to raise the Repo rate by 0.5% in response to the sharp weakness of the ZAR and other major central banks also hiking the interest rates. The SARB has indicated that they are likely to hike rates further if deemed necessary in the face of inflationary pressures and currency weakness.

Earnings announcements and trading updates from Spar, Tiger Brands and Pick 'n Pay over the month laid to bare the difficult trading environment these companies are going through in SA. Earnings were beaten up as consumers reined their budgets and costs (particularly those to generate their own electricity) skyrocketed. The month saw their respective market values fall by roughly 25% showing the markets displeasure and the environment within which these announcements were made.

Geopolitical tensions surrounding South Africa were raised as the country's neutrality in the Russia-Ukraine war and their general pro-Moscow stance were called into question on the back of the Lady R saga still unfolding. This raised fears of possible sanctions and risks to trading ties with the country's main trading partners. Foreign investors' appetite towards local equities, bonds and the currency soured materially due to the news.

#### Global Market Drivers

The debt ceiling stand-off dominated US market news but also caused global concern. However, as the deadline to avoid default loomed, a deal was reached to suspend the debt ceiling until 2025. This was agreed by both houses and signed into law in early June, averting a US debt default that could have rocked financial markets.

US Inflation fell slightly to 4.9% in April from 5% in March, and core inflation also decreased to 5.5% from 5.6% in March (largely in line with expectations). Labour market indicators showed strength, with 253,000 new jobs created and unemployment dropping to 3.4% in April from 3.5% in March.

Japan continued to garner investor interest as preliminary Q1 quarter-on-quarter GDP growth was recorded at 0.4%, above consensus of 0.1%. Inflation nudged up again (to 3.5% in April), and core inflation rose to 3.4% providing optimism that Japan might finally be able to generate some inflation, having been stuck with low to no inflation over the last 25 years.

Economic data out of China continued to disappoint with inflation coming out at near zero and imports plunging 7.9% over the year suggesting mute domestic demand. Industrial production was recorded at 5.6% in April (almost half of the expectation of 10.9%).

The concentrated nature of returns on the market became starkly apparent in May when one of the largest companies in the world, Nvidia, surprised the market with positive earnings resulting in the stock returning 36% (in USD) in the month. Tesla was also up 24% in May.

Sources: *PortfolioMetrix Bloomberg Terminal*

#### Portfolio Manager

Cinnabar Investment Management Team

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